

FIG. 1



FIG. 2A

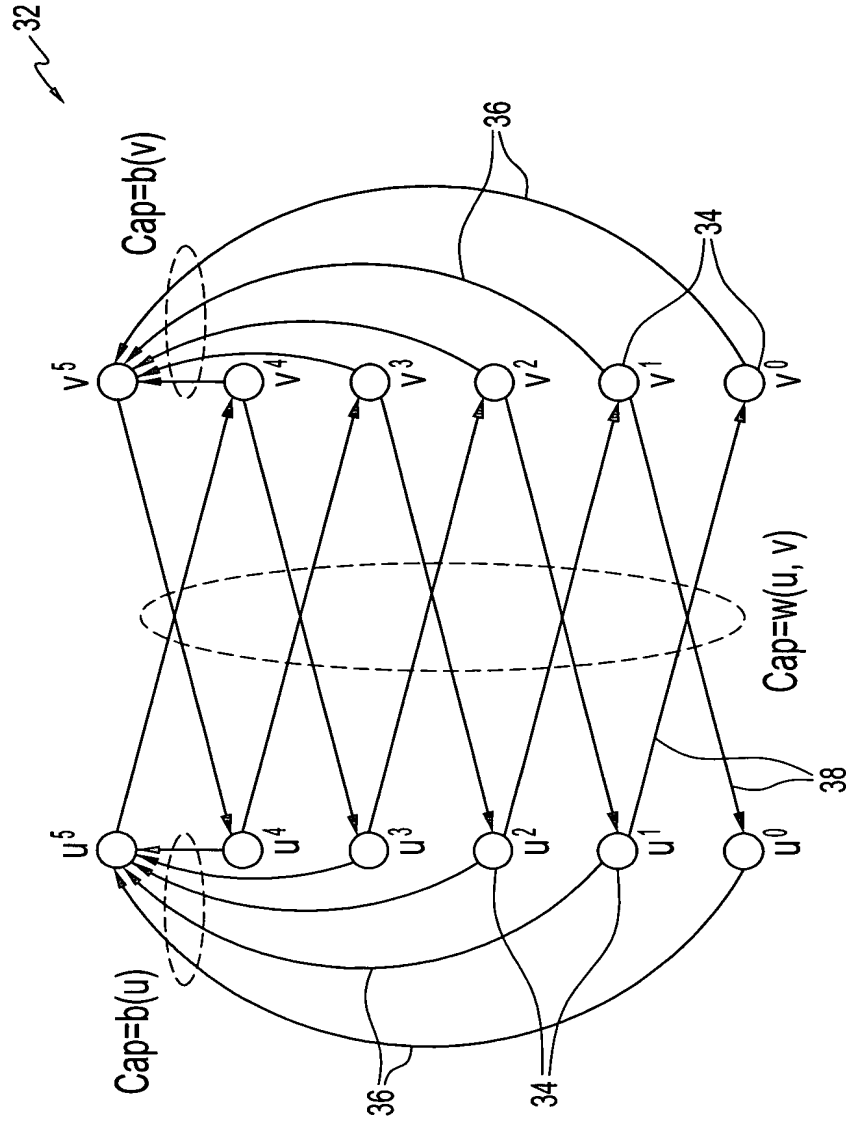


FIG. 2B

- (1) Set $y_v := \frac{\delta}{\mu_0 b(v)} \forall v \in V(G)$, $z_e := \frac{\delta}{\nu_0 w(e)} \forall e \in E(G)$, $u := \frac{\delta}{D}$
- (2) Set $x_p := 0 \forall p \in \mathcal{P}$
- (3) Set $r = 0$ and $p_i := \emptyset$ for $i = 1, \dots, k$.
- (4) While $\mu_0 \sum_{v \in V(G)} b(v)y_v + \nu_0 \sum_{(u,v) \in E(G)} w(u,v)z_{u,v} + Du < 1$ do:
- (5) begin
- (6) $r := r+1$.
- (7) For $i := 1$ to k , do
- (8) begin
- (9) If $p_i = \emptyset$ or $\sum_{v \in V(G)} |p_i \cap E_v| (y_v + \alpha u) + \sum_{(u,v) \in E(G)} |p_i \cap E_{u,v}| (z_{u,v} + \beta u) > (1 + \gamma\epsilon) l_i$ then
- (10) begin
- (11) Find a path $p_i \in \mathcal{P}_i$ minimizing $l_i := \sum_{v \in V(G)} |p_i \cap E_v| (y_v + \alpha u) + \sum_{(u,v) \in E(G)} |p_i \cap E_{u,v}| (z_{u,v} + \beta u)$
- (12) end
- (13) Set $x_{p_i} := x_{p_i} + 1$
- (14) Set $y_v := y_v \left(1 + \epsilon \frac{|p_i \cap E_v|}{\mu_0 b(v)} \right) \forall v \in V(G)$, $z_e := z_e \left(1 + \epsilon \frac{|p_i \cap E_{u,v}|}{\nu_0 w(u,v)} \right) \forall (u,v) \in E(G)$
- (15) end
- (16) end
- (17) Output $(x_p/r)_{p \in \mathcal{P}}$

FIG. 3

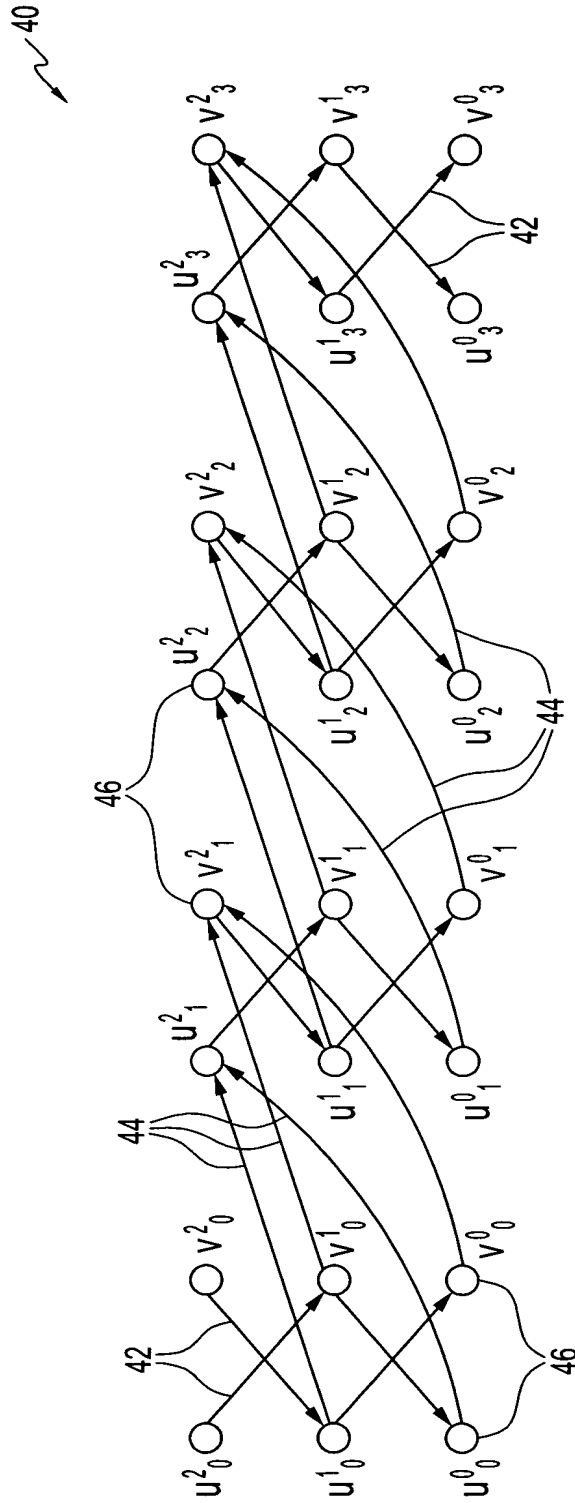


FIG. 4

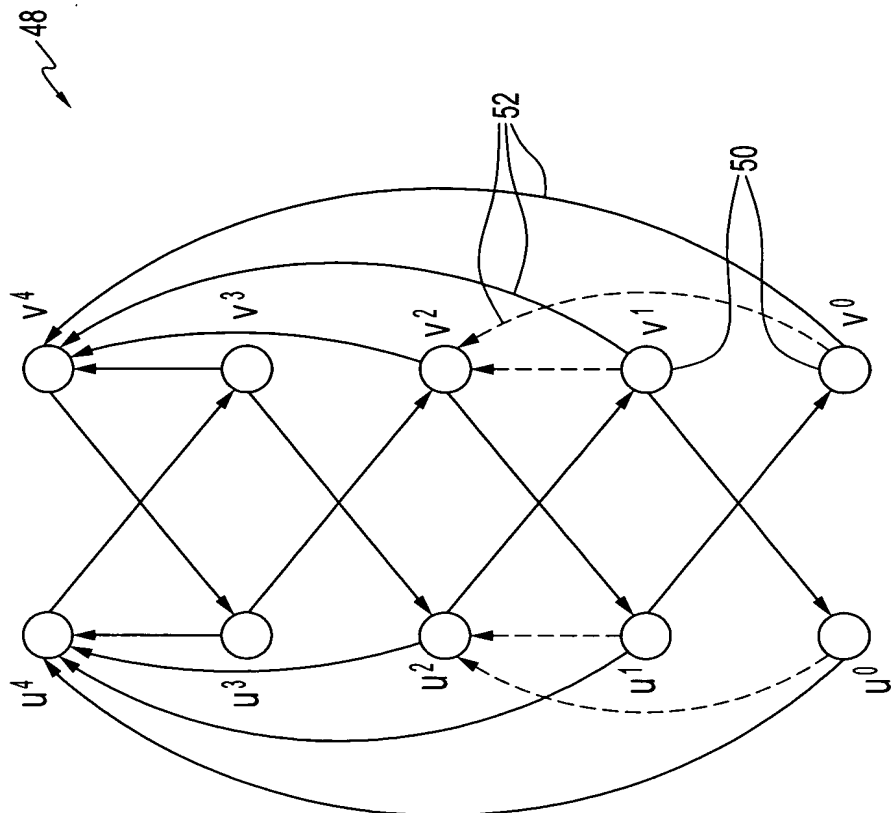


FIG. 5A

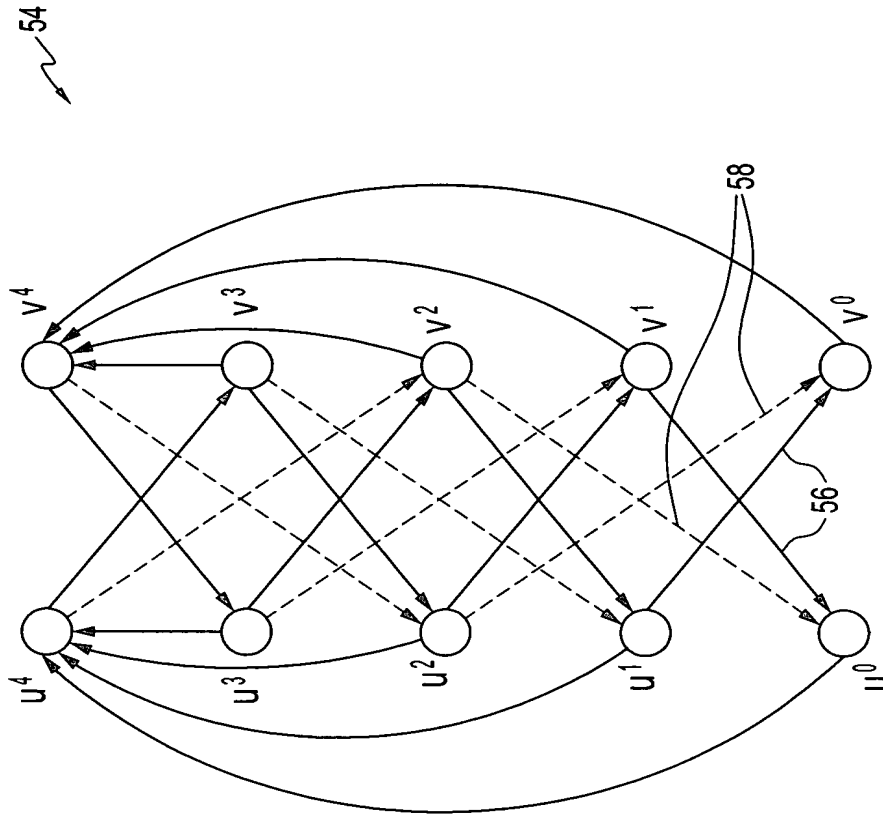


FIG. 5B

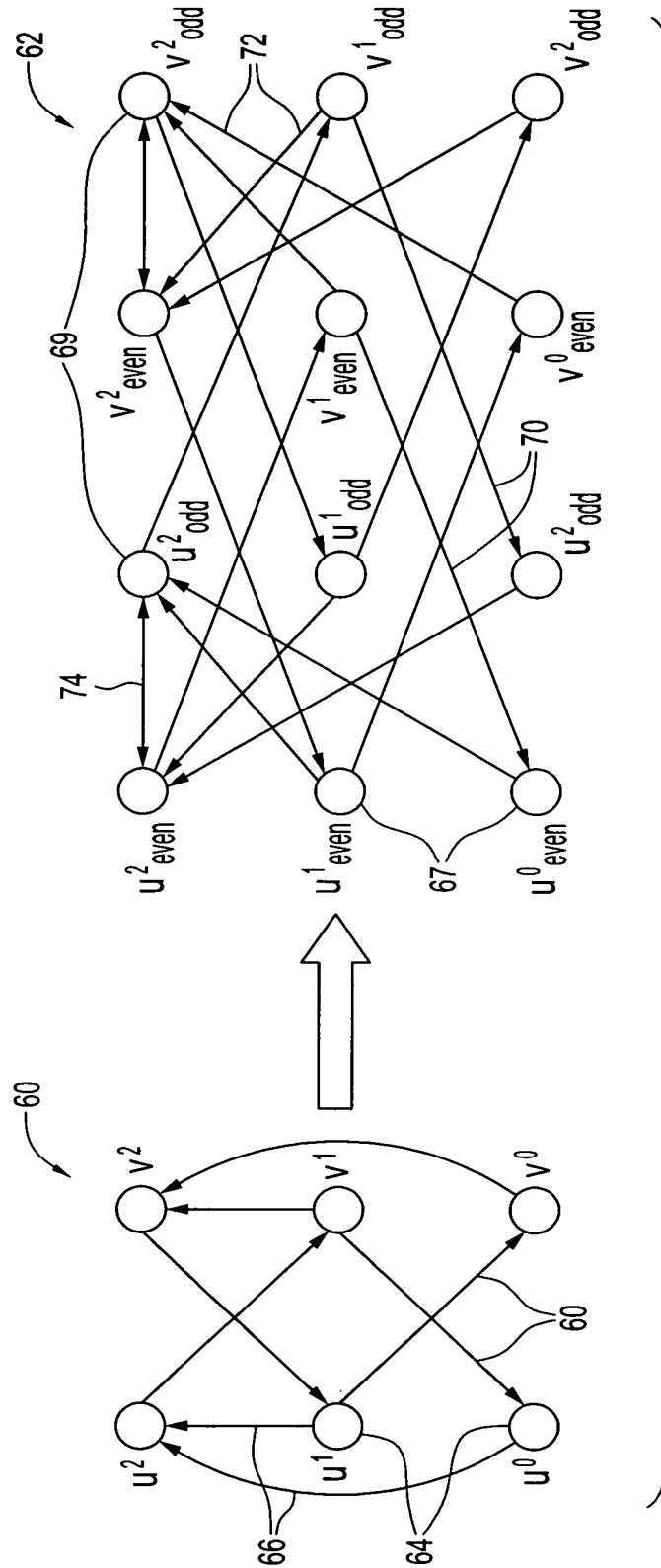


FIG. 6


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(1) Set  $w^* := \infty$ 
(2) For all  $v \in V$  do      // try all possible Steiner points
(3)   begin
(4)     For  $j := 0$  to  $U$ 
(5)       begin
(6)         Find a shortest  $v^{U-j} - t_i^1$ -path  $P_1$  in  $H$ 
(7)         For  $k := 0$  to  $U - j$ 
(8)           begin
(9)             Find a shortest  $v^{U-k} - t_i^2$ -path  $P_2$  in  $H$ 
(10)            Find a shortest  $s_i^0 - v^{U-j-k}$ -path  $P_0$  in  $H$ 
(11)            If  $w(P_0) + w(P_1) + w(P_2) \leq w^*$  then
(12)              Set  $w^* := w(P_0) + w(P_1) + w(P_2)$ 
                      $T^* := P_0 \cup P_1 \cup P_2$ 
(13)            end
(14)          end
(15)        end
(16)      return  $T^*$ 
    
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FIG. 7